

CHAPTER 195

AIRPORT ZONING REGULATIONS

195.01	Short Title
195.02	Definitions
195.03	Airport Zones and Airspace Height Limitations
195.04	Use Restrictions
195.05	Lighting
195.06	Variances
195.07	Board of Adjustment Established
195.08	Board of Adjustments
195.09	Board of Adjustment Procedures
195.10	Powers of Board of Adjustment
195.11	Vote on Variations or Orders
195.12	Judicial Review
195.13	Administrative Agency
195.14	Conflicting Regulations
195.15	Penalties

195.01 SHORT TITLE. This chapter shall be known and may be cited as "The Albia Municipal Airport Height Zoning Ordinance."

195.02 DEFINITIONS. As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise required:

1. "Airport": shall mean the Albia Municipal Airport.
2. "Airport Elevation": shall mean the highest point of an airport's usable landing area measured in feet above mean sea level, which elevation is established to be nine hundred sixty-three (963) feet.
3. "Airport Hazard": shall mean any structure or tree or use of land which would exceed the Federal obstruction standards as contained in fourteen (14) Code of Federal Regulations Section 77.21, 77.23 and 77.25 as revised for the flight of aircraft and landing or takeoff at an airport or is otherwise hazardous to such landing or taking off of aircraft.
4. "Airport Primary Surface": shall mean a surface longitudinally centered on a runway. When the runway has a specially prepared hard surface, the primary surface extends two hundred (200) feet beyond each end of that runway. The width of the primary surface of a runway will be that width prescribed in Part 77 of the Federal Aviation Regulation (FAR) for the most precise approach existing or planned for either end of that runway. The elevation of any point on the primary surface is

the same as the elevation of the nearest point on the runway centerline.

5. "Airspace Height": shall mean for the purpose of determining the height limits in all zones set forth in this chapter and shown on the zoning map, the datum shall be mean sea level elevation unless otherwise specified.

6. "Control Zone": shall mean airspace extending upward from the surface of the earth which may include one or more airports and is normally a circular area of five (5) statute miles in radius, with extensions where necessary to include instrument approach and departure paths.

7. "Instrument Runway": shall mean a runway having an existing instrument approach procedure utilizing air navigation facilities or area type navigation equipment, for which an instrument approach procedure has been approved or planned.

8. "Minimum Descent Altitude": shall mean the lowest altitude expressed in feet above mean sea level, to which descent is authorized on final approach or during circle-to-land maneuvering in execution of a standard instrument approach procedure, where no electronic glide slope is provided.

9. "Minimum Route Altitude": shall mean the altitude in effect between radio fixed which assures acceptable navigational signal coverage and meets obstruction clearance requirements between those fixes.

10. "Minimum Obstruction Clearance Altitude": shall mean the specified altitude in effect between radio fixes on VOR airways, off-airways routes, or route segments which meets obstruction clearance requirements for the entire route segment and which assures acceptable navigational signal coverage only within twenty-two (22) miles of a VOR.

11. "Runway": shall mean a defined area on an airport prepared for landing and takeoff of aircraft along its length.

12. "Visual Runway": shall mean a runway intended solely for the operation of aircraft using visual approach procedures with no straight-in instrument approach procedure and no instrument designation indicated on a FAA approved airport layout plan, military services approved military airport layout plan, or by any planning document submitted to the FAA by competent authority.

195.03 AIRPORT ZONES AND AIRSPACE HEIGHT LIMITATIONS. In order to carry out the provision of this section, there are hereby created and established certain zones which are depicted on the Albia Municipal Airport Height Zoning Map. A structure located in more than one (1) zone of the following zones is considered to be only in the zone with the more restrictive height limitations. The various zones are hereby established and defined as follows:

1. Horizontal Zone. The land lying under a horizontal plane one hundred fifty (150) feet above the established airport elevation, the perimeter of which is constructed by:

a. Swinging arcs of five thousand (5,000) feet radii from the center of each end of the primary surface of runways 13 and 31, and connecting the adjacent arcs by lines tangent to those arcs.

(NOTE: The radius of the arch specified for each end of a runway will have the same arithmetical value. That value will be the highest determined for either end of the runway. When a 5,000 foot arcs, the 5,000 foot arc shall be disregarded on the construction of the perimeter of the horizontal surface.)

b. No structure shall exceed one hundred fifty (150) feet above the established airport elevation in the horizontal zone, as depicted on the Albia Municipal Airport Height Zoning Map.

2. Conical Zone. The land lying under a surface extending outward and upward from the periphery of the horizontal surface at a slope of twenty (20) feet to (1) for a horizontal distance of four thousand (4,000) feet. No structure shall penetrate the conical surface in the conical zone, as depicted on the Albia Municipal Airport Height Zoning Map.

3. Approach Zone. The land lying under a surface longitudinally centered on the extended runway centerline and extending outward and upward from each end of the primary surface.

(NOTE: An approach surface is applied to each end of each runway based upon the type of approach available or planned for that runway end.)

A. The inner edge of the approach surface is 500 feet wide for runway(s) 13 and 31.

B. The outer edge of the approach zone is 1,500 feet for runway 13. 2,000 feet for runway 31.

C. The approach zone extends for a horizontal distance of 5,000 feet at a slope of 20 to 1 for runway(s) 13 and 31.

No structure shall exceed the approach surface to any runway, as depicted on the Albia Municipal Airport Height Zoning Map.

4. Transitional Zone. The land lying under those surfaces extending outward and upward at right angles to the runway centerline and the runway centerline extends at a slope of seven (7) to one (1) from the sides of the primary surface and from the sides of the approach surfaces. No structure shall exceed the transitional surface as depicted in the Albia Municipal Airport Height Zoning map.

5. Increase in Elevation of Structures. No structure shall be erected in the County that raises the published minimum descent altitude for an instrument approach to any runway, nor shall any structure be erected that causes the minimum obstruction clearance altitude or minimum enroute altitude to be increased on any Federal airway in the County.

195.04 USE RESTRICTIONS. Notwithstanding any other provisions of 195.03, no use may be made of land or water within the City or County in such manner as to interfere with the operation of any airborne aircraft. The following special requirements shall apply to each permitted use:

1. Lighting. All lights or illuminating used in conjunction with streets, parking, signs, or use of land and

structures shall be arranged and operated in such a manner that it is not misleading or dangerous to aircraft operating from the Albia Municipal Airport or in the vicinity thereof.

2. Visual Hazards. No operation from any use shall produce smoke, glare, or other visual hazards within three(3) statute miles of any usable runway of the Albia Municipal Airport.

3. Electronic Interference. No operation from use in the City or County shall produce electronic interference with navigation signals or radio communication between the airport and aircraft.

195.05 LIGHTING. Notwithstanding the provisions of 195.04, the owner of any structure over two hundred (200) feet above ground level must install on the structure lighting in accordance with Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Advisory Circular 70-7460-1D and amendments. Additionally, any structure constructed after the effective date of this chapter (March 6, 1978) and exceeding nine hundred forty-nine (949) feet above ground level, must install on that structure high intensity white obstruction lights in accordance with Chapter 6 of FAA Advisory Circular 7460-1D and amendments.

Any permit or variance granted may be so conditioned as to require the owner of the structure or growth in question to permit the City or County at its own expense to install, operate and maintain thereof such markers or lights as may be necessary to indicate to pilots the presence of an airspace hazard.

195.06 VARIANCES. Any person desiring to erect or increase the height of any structure, or to permit the growth of any tree, or otherwise use property in violation of any section of his chapter, may apply to the board of adjustment for variance from such regulations. No application for variance to the requirements of this chapter may be considered by the board of adjustment unless cost of the application has been submitted to the Albia

Municipal Airport Manager or Aeronautics Director for an opinion as to the aeronautical effects of such a variance. If not respond to the board of adjustment within fifteen (15) days from receipt of the copy of the application, the board may make its decision to grant or deny the variance.

195.07 BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT ESTABLISHED. There is hereby created a board of adjustment to have and exercise the following

powers:

1. Appeals. To hear and decide appeals from any order, requirement, decision, or determination made by the Airport Zoning Board/Administrative Agency in the enforcement of this chapter.

2. Special Exemptions. To hear and describe special exemptions to the terms of this chapter upon which such board of adjustment under such regulations may be required to pass.

3. Variances. To hear and decide specific variances.

195.08 BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT. The board of adjustment shall consist of five (5) members appointed by the City Council/Board of County Supervisors and each shall serve a term of five years and until each successor is duly appointed and qualified. Of the members first appointed, one shall be appointed for a term of five years, one for a term of four years, one for a term of three years, one for a term of two years and one for term of one year. Members shall be removed by the appointed authority for cause, upon written charges, after a public hearing.

195.09 BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURES. The board of adjustment shall adopt rules for its governance and in harmony with the provisions of this chapter. Meetings of the board shall be held at the call of the chairperson and at such times as the board of adjustment may determine. The chairperson, or in his absence, the acting chairperson may administer oaths and compel the attendance of witnesses. All meetings of the board of adjustment shall be open to the public. The board of adjustment shall keep minutes of its proceedings, showing the vote of each member upon each question, or if absent or failing to vote, indicting such fact and shall keep records of its examinations, and other official actions, all of which shall immediately be filed in the offices of the City Clerk and County Auditor, and on due cause shown.

195.10 POWERS OF BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT. The board of adjustment shall have the powers established in Iowa Statutes, Section 414.12.

195.11 VOTE ON VARIATIONS OR ORDERS. The concurring vote of a majority of the members of the board of adjustment shall be sufficient to reverse any order, requirement, decisions or determination of any administrative official or to decide in favor of the applicant, on any matter upon which it is required

to pass under this chapter, or to effect variations of this chapter.

195.12 JUDICIAL REVIEW. Any person aggrieved, or any taxpayer affected, by any decision of the board of adjustment, may appeal to the court of record as provided in Iowa Statutes, Section 414.15.

195.13 ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY. It shall be the duty of the Chairman, Airport Zoning Board, to administer the regulation prescribed herein. Applications for permits and variances shall be made to the Chairman, Airport Zoning Board, upon a form furnished by the Chairman. Applications required by this chapter to be submitted to the Administrative Agency shall be promptly considered and granted or denied. Application for action by the Board of Adjustment shall be forthwith transmitted by the Chairman, Airport Zoning Board.

195.14 CONFLICTING REGULATIONS. Where there exists a conflict between any of the regulations or limitations prescribed in this chapter and any other regulations applicable to the same area, whether the conflict be with respect to height of structures, the use of land, or any other matter, the more stringent limitation or requirement shall govern and prevail.

195.15 PENALTIES. Each violation of this chapter or of any regulation, order, or ruling promulgated hereunder shall constitute a misdemeanor. Each day a violation continues to exist shall constitute a separate offense.